- 191. On which of the following date/dates, Winter Solstice is observed in Northern Hemisphere?
- I. 21st December46. Which of the following is caused by the com bined effects of the gravitational forces exerted by the Moon and the Sun on sea levels?
- (A) Currents
- (B) Runoff
- (C) Tides
- D) Waves

Ans.(C)

- 47. Tides are caused by the gravitational forces of-
- (A) Of Earth on Moon
- B) Of Earth on Sun
- (C) Of Sun and Moon on Earth
- (D) Of Moon on Earth

Ans.(C)

- 48. When does tides rise in sea?
- (A) Only on lunar day
- (B) Full Moon and half Moon
- (C) When Moon is on first phase
- (D) Only half Moon

Ans. (B)

- 49. Which of the following celestial body contains Helium-4 in abundance?
- (A) Earth
- (B) Moon
- (C) Venus
- (D) Saturn

Ans. (A)

- 50. The Earth is tilted on its axis-
- (A)23.5 degree
- (B)22.5 degree
- (C)21.5 degree
- (D)20 degree

Ans. (A)

- 51. In how much time, Earth rotates once on its axis?
- (A) 23 hours 30 minutes
- (B) 23 hours 56 minutes 4.9 sec
- (C) 23 hours 10 minutes 2 sec
- (D) 24 hours

Ans. (B)

- 52. Day and night are formed-
- (A) Due to the shape of the orbit of Earth
- (B) Due to the motion of revolution
- (C) Due to the speed of rotaion
- (D) None of these

Ans. (C)

- 53. Days and nights are similar here-
- (A) Poles
- (B) Main time zone
- (C) Antarctica
- (D) Equator

Ans. (D)

- 54. What is "Supernova"?
- (A) Comet
- (B) Asteroid
- (C) Meteor
- (D) Black Hole

Ans. (D)

- 55. What is the circumference of the Earth?
- (A) 13,000km
- (B) 20,000km
- (C) 25,000km
- (D) 40,000km

Ans. (D)

- 56. When and where did the concept of the Earth Hour started?
- (A) June, 2007 in Christchurch, New Zealand
- (B) May, 2009 in Colombo, Srilanka
- (C) April, 2008 in Tokyo, Japan
- (D) March, 2007 in Sydney, Australia Ans.(D)

57. How many Geo-synchronous satellites are	(D) Exosphere
re quired for uninterrupted world broadcasting?	Ans. (C)
(A) 3	, ,
(B) 4	63. Which gas is found in maximum quantity in
(C) 2	lower atmosphere?
D) 1	(A) Hydrogen
Ans. (A)	(B) Carbon dioxide
	(C) Oxygen
58. The study of the processes of atmosphere is	(D) Nitrogen
called as-	Ans. (D)
(A) Astrology	
(B) Meteorology	64. What is the percentage of Nitrogen in atmo
(C) Seismology	sphere of the Earth?
(D) Astronomy	(A) 0.94
Ans.(B)	(B) 0.03
	(C) 78.03
59. Which of the following depletes the UV	(D) 85.02
radiation on the Earth?	Ans. (C)
(A) Carbon monoxide	
(B) Carbon dioxide	67. What is the name of the layer above Earth'
(C) Ozone	sur face which is located at the height of 8km
(D) Oxygen	from poles and 16km from the equator?
Ans. (C)	(A) Mesosphere
	(B) Atmosphere
60. Which is the lowest layer of Atmosphere?	(C) Troposphere
(A) Troposphere	(D) Stratosphere
(B) Stratosphere	Ans. (C)
(C) Mesosphere	65. The total number of layers above Earth are-
(D) Exosphere	(A) 4 (B) 5 (C) 2 (D) 3
Ans.(A)	Ans. (B)
61. Where do all meteorological incidents	66. Choose the correct option with the correct
occur?	se quence of the layers of atmosphere-
(A) Stratosphere	(A) Mesophere, Ionosphere, Exosphere, Tropos
(B) Troposphere	phere, Stratosphere
(C) Ionosphere	(B) Ionosphere, Exosphere, Mesosphere, Strato

(D) Exosphere

(A) Ionosphere

(B) Stratosphere (C) Troposphere

62. What is the name of the layer closest to the

Ans.(B)

Earth?

(C) Exosphere, Troposphere, Ionosphere, Mesos

(D) Troposphere, Stratosphere, Mesosphere,

sphere, Troposphere

phere, Stratosphere

Ans. (D)

Iono sphere, Exosphere

- 67. Which of the following is located at the mini mum height from the Earth?
- (A) Stratosphere
- (B) Mesosphere
- (C) Thermosphere
- (D) Troposphere

Ans.(D)

- 68. The layer of atmosphere which reflects radio waves is-
- (A) Ionosphere
- (B) Troposphere
- (C) Stratosphere
- (D) Exosphere

Ans.(A)

- 69. At which height, the gaseous surrounding has covered the Earth's atmosphere?
- (A) 100km
- (B) 150km
- (C) 200km
- (D) 300km

Ans.(D)

- 70. The heat from Sun to Earth is called as-
- (A) Temperature Radiation
- (B) Insolation
- (C) Emitted Heat
- (D) Solar Radiation

Ans. (D)

- 71. In which layer, temperature increases dramati cally?
- (A) Ionosphere
- (B) Exosphere
- (C) Stratosphere
- (D) Troposphere

Ans. (A)

- 72. Troposphere is the most warm part of the at mosphere because-
- (A) It is closer to the Sun
- (B) It contains charged particles

- (C) It gets warm from the heat of the surface of the Earth
- (D) It produces heat

Ans. (C)

- 73. The Ozone hole is detected in the atmosphere, where is it located?
- (A) Above Arctic Ocean
- (B) Above Antarctica
- (C) Above India
- (D) Above Alaska

Ans. (B)

- 74. Where is Ozone layer found?
- (A) Troposphere
- (B) Ionosphere
- (C) Stratosphere
- (D) Exosphere

Ans. (C)

- 75. Which of the following statement is correct?
- (A) Air capacity of vaporization reduces with the rise in the temperature of air.
- (B) Atmospheric pressure reduces due to rise in temperature.
- (C) Relative humidity is denoted in gram per cubic meter of air.
- (D) Temperature decreases 10°C at every 165 height.

Ans. (B)

- 76. What is the difference between the Local time and Greenwich time one degree longitude?
- (A) 2 minutes
- (B) 4 minutes
- (C) 6 minutes
- (D) 8 minutes

Ans.(B)

- 77. What is the term used for the day on 23 Sep tember when day and night are equal through out the world?
- (A) Autumnal Equinox

- (B) Astronomical Equinox
- (C) Winter Solstice
- (D) Spring Equinox

Ans.(A)

- 78. Equator is -
- (A) Line which connects north and south poles
- (B) Imaginary line which rotates around the Earth in the centre of north and south poles
- (C) The girdle around the Saturn
- (D) Axis of the rotation of the Earth Ans. (B)
- 79. Which of the following is the International Date line?
- (A) Equator
- (B) 0° longitude
- (C) 90° eastern longitude
- (D) 180° longitude

Ans. (D)

- 80. What is known as High Pressure Subtropical Latitude?
- (A) Roaring forties
- (B) Furious fifties
- (C) Screaming sixties
- (D) Horse latitudes

Ans.(D)

- 81. Due to gravity, acceleration at the Equator is-
- (A) Less than acceleration on poles
- (B) More than acceleration on poles
- (C) Equal to acceleration on poles
- (D) Not dependant on the centrifugal acceleration of Earth

Ans.(A)

- 82. The Tropic of Cancer does not pass through-
- (A) India
- (B) Pakistan
- (C) Bangladesh
- D) Myanmar

Ans. (B)

- 83. The Equator does not pass through which of the following?
- (A) Kenya
- (B) Mexico
- (C) Indonesia
- (D) Brazil

Ans. (B)

- 84. The imaginary line which connects places of similar height on map, are?
- (A) Hachure
- (B) Contour
- (C) Spot-Height
- (D) Isometric

Ans. (B)

- 85. The Contour line is those imaginary line which show?
- (A) Areas of similar atmospheric pressure
- (B) Areas of similar temperature
- (C) Areas of similar height
- (D) Equal Sunning areas

Ans. (C)

- 86. The Map showing the speciality of the surface of any area is called as-
- (A) Relief Map
- (B) Area Map
- (C) Thematic Map
- (D) Geographic Map

Ans. (A)

- 87. The word "Isoneph" represents the lines of equal____
- (A) Cloudiness
- (B) Salinity
- (C) Rain
- (D) Pressure

Ans. (A)

- 88. Isobar lines show-
- (A) Pressure
- (B) Rain
- (C) Depth

(D) Time Ans.(A)

- 89. Which of the following pairs is wrong?
- (A) Isohyet Humidity
- (B) Isobar Pressure
- (C) Isohale Sun light
- (D) Isotherm Temperature

Ans. (A)

- 90. The imaginary lines which connects the places of same temperature are called-
- (A) Isobar
- (B) Isohyet
- (C) Isohaline
- (D) Isotherm

Ans. (D)

- II. 5th August 91. Which of the following line represents the line which connects the places of equal rain?
- (A) Isohypse
- (B) Isohalines
- (C) Isobar
- (D) Isohyets

Ans. (D)

- 92. The network of the series of vertical and hori zontal lines is known as-
- (A) Latitude
- B) Grid System
- (C) Longitude
- (D) Geographical Coordinates System

Ans. (D)

- 93. The science of drawing map is called-
- (A) Cartography
- (B) Geography
- (C) Topology
- D) Geology

Ans. (A)

- 94. The alignment of the lines of beginning and end is expressed by-
- (A) Dentate

- (B) Feasibility
- (C) Record
- (D) Font

Ans. (B)

- 95. The instrument to measure the area on maps is called-
- (A) Planimeter
- (B) Ideograph
- (C) Pantograph
- (D) Opisometer

Ans. (A)

- 96. What is the name of the maps, natural and man-made, portray the large forms?
- (A) Thematic Maps
- (B) Atlas Maps
- (C) Graffito
- (D) Topographic Maps

Ans. (A)

- 97. Which of the followings are related with Lithosphere"?
- (A) Plant and Insect
- (B) Earth's Interior
- (C) Earth's Crust
- (D) None of these

Ans. (C)

- 98. What is changed in metamorphic rocks?
- (A) Structure
- (B) Formation
- (C) (A) and
- (B) both
- (D) Actual chemical composition

Ans. (C)

- 99. The Rocks of granite are changed into which of the following due to metamorphism?
- (A) Marble
- (B) Feldspar
- (C) Gneiss
- (D) Quartz

Ans. (C).

- 100. Granite display standing quartzite zone be cause?
- (A) These rocks are resistant to all kinds of erosion
- (B) They do not decay easily
- (C) They weathers quickly
- (D) These rocks do not destruct easily Ans.(A)
- 101. Which of the following are Metamorphic rocks?
- (A) Gneiss and Mafic
- (B) Gneiss and Schist
- (C) Schist and Mafic
- (D) Schist and Chalk
- Ans. (B)
- 102. What are Obsidian, Andesite, Gabbro and Peri dotite?
- (A) Intrusive rocks
- (B) Sedimentary rocks
- (C) Extrusive rocks
- (D)Metamorphic rocks
- Ans. (C)
- 103. Which of the following rock has formed the Earth's crust?
- (A) Igneous
- (B) Metamorphic
- (C) Sedimentary
- (D) Carbonate
- Ans.(A)
- 104. Which of the following is an Example of Abys sal Igneous Rock?
- (A) Basalt
- (B) Granite
- (C)Slate
- (D) Dolomite
- Ans.(B)
- 105. The Metamorphism of Shale occurs in which of the following rocks?

- (A) Graphite
- (B) Gneiss
- (C) Marble
- (D) Slate
- Ans. (D)
- 106. The region which is resistant to the trans formation of macro structure, is called?
- (A) Firm structure
- (B) Ancient structure
- (C)Tectonic plate
- (D)Shield
- Ans. (D)
- 107. Why the Earth is having its own atmosphere?
- (A) Winds
- (B) Clouds
- (C) Gravity
- (D) Rotation of the Earth?
- Ans. (C)
- 108. A level of atmosphere which is composed partly of Electrons and Positive Ions is called
- (A) Troposphere
- (B) Ionosphere
- (C) Stratosphere
- (D) Mesosphere
- Ans. (B)
- 109. What is the position of the Earth when it is at the greatest distance from the Sun?
- (A) Aphelion
- (B) Antipode Rakesh Yadav Readers Publication Pvt. Ltd Geography 245
- (C) Perihelion
- (D) Aldiatc
- Ans. (A)
- 110. Which of these is a dwarf planet?
- (A) Neptune
- (B) Titan
- (C) Eris
- (D) Hydra

Ans (C) 111. Equinox occurs when the Sun is vertically above (A) Tropic of Capricorn (B) Tropic of Cancer (C) Poles (D) Equator Ans. (D) 112. The most abundant metal in the Earth's Crust is (A) zinc (B) copper (C) Aluminium (D) iron Ans. (C) 113. When does the Sun shine vertically on the Equator? (A) Throughout the year (B) For six months (C) Twice a year (D) Once a year Ans. (C) 114. Which of the following is not an Igneous Rock? (A) Dolomite B) Granite (C) Basalt (D) Gabbro Ans. (A) 115. The outermost layer of Sun is called (A) Lithosphere (B) Chromosphere (C) Photosphere (D) Corona Ans. (B) 116. Which is the warmest layer of the atmosphere?

(A) Thermosphere

(B) Troposphere (C) Stratosphere (D) Mesosphere Ans. (A) 117. What is the interval between a high tide and neaptide at a given place? (A) 12 hours (B) 12 hours 26 minutes (C) 15 hours 30 minutes (D) 24 hours Ans. (B) 118. On which of the following planets water cycle is available? (A) Jupiter (B) Earth (C) Mars (D) Venus Ans. (B) 119. Suppose if we measure the time lapse between the two Sunsets by sitting in the beach, from this we can estimate: (A) The distance between the Sun and the Earth (B) The depth of the ocean (C) The radius of the Earth (D) The radius of the Sun Ans. (C) 120. Equator represents-(A) Line joining North and South poles (B) Imaginary line passing round the Earth midway between North & South poles (C) A belt (ring) around the planet Saturn (D) Axis of rotation of Earth Ans. (B) 121. Which planet is called Evening Star? (A) Mars

(B) Mercury

(C) Venus

(D) Jupiter

Ans. (C)	127. When the Moon completely covers the Sun, it is known as?
122. Which planet looks reddish in the night	(A) The Antumbra
sky?	(B) The Umbra
(A) Jupiter	(C) The Penumbra
(B) Saturn	(D) None of these
(C) Mars	Ans. (B)
D) Mercury	7413. (5)
Ans. (C)	128. Which among the following statments is
All3. (C)	true regarding International Date Line?
123. Which planet in our solar system is nearly	(A) It is 180º Longitude
	-
as big as the Earth?	(B) It is a straight line
(A) Mercury	(C) It is a big circle
(B) Mars	(D) It is a curved line beyond Earth
(C) Venus	Ans. (A)
(D) Pluto	420 71 6 1:14: 111 241
Ans. (C)	129. The Sunlight is available 24 hours on the
	longest day at which of the following latitudes
124. The planet which has the highest surface	of the Earth?
temperature is	(A) 49º
(A) Jupiter	(B) 66.5°
(B) Earth	(C) 63º
(C) Pluto	(D) 69.51'
(D) Venus	Ans. (D)
Ans. (D)	
	130. The Earth rotates on its axis at an
125. Light from the Sun reaches us in nearly	inclination of :
(A) 8 min.	(A) 23.5°
(B) 2 min.	(B) 22.5°
(C) 6 min.	(C) 21.5°
(D) 4 min.	(D) 20°
Ans. (A)	Ans. (A)
126. Solar eclipse occurs when?	131. The Moon is showing its same face to the
(A) The Moon does not lie on the line joining	Earth because :
the Sun and the Earth	(A) It is not rotating about its own axis
(B) The Moon comes between the Sun and the	(B) Its rotation and revolution are opposite
Earth	(C) Its periods of rotation and revolution are the
(C) The Sun comes between the Moon and the	same
Earth	(D) Its rotation is faster than its revolution.
(D) The Earth comes between the Moon and the	Ans. (C)
Sun	
Ans. (B)	132. The acceleration due to gravity at the
	equator:
,	•

- (A) Is less than that at the poles
- (B) Is greater than that at the poles
- (C) Is equal to that at the poles
- (D) Does not depend on the Earth' centripetal acceleration

Ans. (A)

- 133. When the Earth is at the maximum distance from the Sun, it is called
- (A) Aphelion
- (B) Perihelion
- (C) Equinox
- (D) Sidereal

Ans. (A)

- 134. Which one of the following organisations is responsible for publishing topographical sheets?
- (A) Geological Survey of India (G.S.I.)
- (B) National Atlas & Thematic Mapping Organisation (N.A.T.M.O.)
- (C) Indian Meteorological Department (I.M.D.)
- (D) Survey of India (S.O.I.)

Ans. (D)

- 135. The inner-most layer of the Earth is known as:
- (A) Lithosphere
- (B) Mesosphere
- (C) Aesthenosphere
- (D) Barysphere

Ans. (D)

- 136. What is the alternate name for contour lines?
- (A) Isopotential
- (B) Isotherm
- (C) Isohypse
- (D) Alsohyet

Ans. (C)

- 137. In the context of 'time'. GMT means
- (A) General Meridian Time
- (B) Greenwich Mean Time

- (C) Global Mean Time (D) None of these Ans. (B)
- 138. Which of the following Isohels are the isopleths of
- (A) Sunshine
- (B) Flowering time
- (C) Rain
- (D) Clouds

Ans. (A)

- 139. The imaginary lines joining places of same height at equal intervals are
- (A) Hachures
- (B) Contours
- (C) Spot-heights
- (D) Isomers

Ans. (B)

- 140. Tides are caused by the gravitational pull of the
- (A) Earth on the Moon
- (B) Earth on the Sun
- (C) Sun and Moon on the Earth
- (D) Moon on the Earth

Ans. (C)

- III.10th January141. The Tropic of Cancer does not pass through
- (A) Myanmar
- (B) Nepal
- (C) Bangladesh
- (D) China

Ans. (B)

- 142. The majority of Earth's curst is composed of which rock?
- (A) Igneous
- (B) Metamorphic
- (C) Sedimetary
- (D) Carbonate

Ans. (A)

143. The deflection of the winds to the right in the northern hemisphere is caused by :

- (A) Revolution of the Earth
- (B) Rotation of the Earth
- (C) Uneven heating of the Earth
- (D) All the above

Ans. (B)

144. The zone of Earth's atmosphere immediately above its surface up to a height of about 16 kms above equator and 8 kms over the poles is known as :

- (A) Mesosphere
- (B) Thermosphere
- (C) Troposphere
- (D) Stratosphere

Ans. (C)

- 145. Density of the Earth's atmosphere is highest in the
- (A) Troposphere
- (B) Stratosphere
- (C) Mesosphere
- (D) Ionosphere

Ans. (A)

- 146. The atmospheric layer farthest from the Earth's surface is known as:
- (A) Stratosphere
- (B) Exosphere
- (C) Ionosphere
- (D) Mesosphere

Ans. (B)

- 147. Shale is metamorphosed into which of the following rocks?
- (A) Graphite
- (B) Gneise
- (C) Marble
- (D) Slate

Ans. (D)

- 148. Marble is the metamorphosed form of
- (A) Shale
- (B) Basalt
- (C) Sandstone

(D) Limestone

Ans. (D)

- 149. Dolomite is a/an
- (A) Sedimentary rock
- (B) Plutonic rock
- (C) Igneous rock
- (D) Metamorphic rock

Ans. (A)

- 150. Which one of the following is igneous rock?
- (A) Limestone
- (B) Granite
- (C) Marble
- (D) Slate

Ans. (B)

- 151. The Mohorov ic ic (Moho) Discont inuity separates
- (A) Outer core and Mantle
- (B) Inner and Outer core
- (C) Sima and Nife
- (D) Crust and Mantle

Ans. (D)

- 152. Sandstone is metamorphosed to:
- (A) Shale
- (B) Slate
- (C) Quartzite
- (D) Marble

Ans. (C)

- 153. Breaking down of rock in situ is known as:
- (A) Erosion
- (B) Weathering
- (C) Mass wasting
- (D) Degradation

Ans. (B)

154. Which one of the following is a

Sedimentary Rock?

- (A) Granite
- (B) Charnockite

(C) Basalt	(A) A bridge on the river Thames
(D) Arkose	(B) Name of a game
Ans. (D)	(C) Earth's most abundant mineral
7413. (5)	(D) Name of a music
155. Which of the following is an organic rock?	Ans. (C)
(A) Marble	, 11.51 (6)
(B) Coal	161. Which of the following is indicated by the
(C) Granite	colour of a star?
(D) Slate	(A) Weight
Ans. (B)	(B) Distance
7(2)	(C) Temperature
156. The most abundant element in the Earth's	(D) Size
atmosphere is	Ans. (C)
(A) Argon	
(B) Nitrogen	162. When does solar eclipse take place?
(C) Oxygen	(A) When the Sun is between the Moon and
(D) Krypton	Earth
Ans. (B)	(B) When the Earth is between the Moon and
7(2)	Sun
157. On which date is India likely to experience	(C) When the Moon is between the Sun and
the shortest day?	Earth
(A) December 22	(D) When the Moon does not lie on the line
(B) March 21	joining
(C) June 22	the Sun and Earth
(D) September 23	Ans. (C)
Ans. (A)	()
` '	163. Evidence suggests that life on Earth has
158. Magnetic Meridian is a-	existed for about .
(A) Line parallel to the equator of the Earth	(A) 3.5 million years
(B) Latitude	(B) 35 billion years
(C) Line joining the geographic north and	(C) 35 million years
geographic south of Earth	(D) 3.5 billion years
(D) Plane passing through the magnetic north	Ans. (A)
and magnetic south of Earth	
Ans. (D)	164. What is the study of Moon called?
	(A) Selenology
159. The core of the Earth is also known as-	(B) Cosmology
(A) Lithosphere	(C) Iridology
(B) Mesosphere	(D) Planetology
(C) Barysphere	Ans. (A)
(D) Centrosphere	
Ans. (C)	165. "Sirius", the brightest star outside of the
	Solar System, is also called
160. Bridgmanite is-	(A) Cat star
'	

(B) Dog star	(B) Adolf Gaston Eugen Fick
(C) Fox star	(C) Sandford Fleming
(D) Lion star	(D) Benoit Fourneyron
Ans. (B)	Ans. (C)
166. 1-degree of latitude is equal to	172 is the time taken by the Earth to
(A) 11 Km	return to a given point in its orbit with
(B) 211 Km	reference to a fixed star.
(C) 111 Km	(A) Lunar year
(D) 311 Km	(B) Sidereal year
Ans. (C)	(C) Solar year
	(D) Tropical year
167. Marble is a metamorphic rock of	Ans. (B)
(A) Sandstone	
(B) Limestone	173. Who was the first to measure the circumf
(C) Granite	erence of the Earth?
(D) Clay	(A) Erechtheus
Ans. (B)	(B) Aegeus
	(C) Eratosthenes
168. World's longest land border is between	(D) Apheidas
which two contries?	Ans. (C)
(A) Australia and New Zealand	
(B) India and China	174 is a natural electrical phenomenon
(C) Switzerland and Italy	characterized by the appearance of streams of
(D) Canada and USA	reddish or greenish light in the sky, especially
Ans. (D)	near the northern or southern magnetic pole.
	(A) Acaulis
169. Who proposed Continental drift theory?	(B) Alatus
(A) Alfred Wegener	(C) Albopictus
(B) Alfred Worwick	(D) Aurora
(C) Alfred Hanks	Ans. (D)
(D) Alfred Mane	
Ans. (A)	175. Triton is the Moon of which planet?
	(A) Neptune
170. What is the approximate circumference of	(B) Uranus
Earth?	(C) Saturn
(A) 40,000 Km	(D) Venus
(B) 60,000 Km	Ans. (A)
(C) 80,000 Km	
(D) 1,00,000 Km	176 . The main mineral constituents of the
Ans. (A)	continental mass water and alumina.
	(A) Iron Oxide
171. Who Invented Universal Standard Time?	(B) Silica
(A) Enrico Fermi	(C) Water

(C) Oxygen		Ans.(C)
Ans. (B)		
		182. Which planet is considered as the Dwarf
	is an example of intrusive	planet?
igneous roo	ck.	(A) Earth]
(A) Conglor	merate	(B) Jupiter
(B) Shale		(C) Pluto
(C) Sandsto	one	(D) Saturn
(D) Granite		Ans.(C)
Ans. (D)		
		183. Sandstone is which type of rock?
178. The in	nermost layer is the core with a	(A) Calcwaterous Rock
radius of (S	SC CGL 2017) Exp: Granite is plutonic	(B) Igneous Rock
igneous roo	ck having crystallinetexture and is	(C) Metamorphic Rock
mainly com	nposed of felds about	(D) Sedimentary Rock
km.		Ans. (D)
(A) 500		
(B) 6500		184. The boundary between Earth's Crust and
(C) 9500		Mantle is
(D) 3500		(A) Moho discontinuity
Ans.(D)		(B) Lehman discontinuity
		(C) Conrad discontinuity
179. The fir	nal boundary between the Earth and	(D) Gutenberg discontinuity
the outer s	pace is called	Ans. (A)
(A) magnet		
(B) ionosph	nere	185. Rotational axis of which of the following
(C) mesopa	iuse	planet is highly tilted?
(D) magnet	copause	(A) Earth
Ans.(A)		(B) Uranus
		(C) Neptune
180. Gravit	ational force is maximum at which of	(D) Jupiter
the followi	ng place?	Ans. (B)
(A) At Equa	itor\	
(B) At Trop	ic of Cancer	186. How much is the difference of time
(C) At Tropi	ic of Capricorn	between any two consecutive longitudes?
(D) At Poles	S	(A) 10 minutes
Ans.(D)		(B) 14 minutes
		(C) 4 minutes
181. Marbl	e comes under which category of	(D) 30 minutes
rocks?		Ans. (C)
(A) Sedime	ntary	
(B) Igneous	•	187. Which among the following imaginary line
(C) Metamo		lies at 0° latitude?
(D) None of	•	(A) Equator

(B) Tropic of Cancer	(A) Earth's mass
(C) Tropic of Capricorn	(B) Solar mass
(D) Prime Meridian	(C) Lunar mass
Ans. (A)	(D) Neutron mass
	Ans. (B)
188. What are the imaginary lines encircling the	
Earth horizontally called?	194. Which of the following pair is CORRECT?
(A) Latitudes	I. Prime Meridian - Longitude
(B) Longitudes	II. Tropic of Cancer - Latitude
(C) Isobars	III. Equator - Latitude
(D) Isotherms	(A) I and II
Ans. (A)	(B) I and III
	(C) II and III
189. Which of the following pair is INCORRECT?	(D) All options are correct
(A) 0° longitude - Prime Meridian	Ans. (D)
(B) 0° longitude - Equator	
(C) 0° latitude - Equator	195. During Lunar eclipse, which of the
(D) 23.5° North - Tropic of Cancer	following is at the centre?
Ans. (B)	(A) Earth
	(B) Moon
190. What are the imaginary lines touching both	(C) Sun
the poles of Earth called?	(D) Any other planet
(A) Latitudes	Ans. (A)
(B) Longitudes	
(C) Isobars	196. Which of the following planet is farthest
(D) Isotherms	from Sun?
Ans. (B)	(A) Saturn
(A) Only I	(B) Jupiter
(B) I and II Both	(C) Neptune141. The Tropic of Cancer does not
(C) Only III	pass through
(D) Only II	(A) Myanmar
Ans. (A)	(B) Nepal
	(C) Bangladesh
192. The only planet whose period of rotation is	(D) China
longer than the period of revolution around the	Ans. (B)
Sun?	
(A) Mercury	142. The majority of Earth's curst is composed
(B) Jupiter	of which rock?
(C) Venus	(A) Igneous
(D) Neptune	(B) Metamorphic
Ans. (C)	(C) Sedimetary
	(D) Carbonate
193. Masses of stars and galaxies are usually	Ans. (A)
expressed in	
·	

- 143. The deflection of the winds to the right in the northern hemisphere is caused by :
- (A) Revolution of the Earth
- (B) Rotation of the Earth
- (C) Uneven heating of the Earth
- (D) All the above

Ans. (B)

- 144. The zone of Earth's atmosphere immediately above its surface up to a height of about 16 kms above equator and 8 kms over the poles is known as :
- (A) Mesosphere
- (B) Thermosphere
- (C) Troposphere
- (D) Stratosphere

Ans. (C)

- 145. Density of the Earth's atmosphere is highest in the
- (A) Troposphere
- (B) Stratosphere
- (C) Mesosphere
- (D) Ionosphere

Ans. (A)

- 146. The atmospheric layer farthest from the Earth's surface is known as :
- (A) Stratosphere
- (B) Exosphere
- (C) Ionosphere
- (D) Mesosphere

Ans. (B)

- 147. Shale is metamorphosed into which of the following rocks?
- (A) Graphite
- (B) Gneise
- (C) Marble
- (D) Slate

Ans. (D)

- 148. Marble is the metamorphosed form of
- (A) Shale

- (B) Basalt
- (C) Sandstone
- (D) Limestone

Ans. (D)

- 149. Dolomite is a/an
- (A) Sedimentary rock
- (B) Plutonic rock
- (C) Igneous rock
- (D) Metamorphic rock

Ans. (A)

- 150. Which one of the following is igneous rock?
- (A) Limestone
- (B) Granite
- (C) Marble
- (D) Slate

Ans. (B)

- 151. The Mohorov ic ic (Moho) Discont inuity separates
- (A) Outer core and Mantle
- (B) Inner and Outer core
- (C) Sima and Nife
- (D) Crust and Mantle

Ans. (D)

- 152. Sandstone is metamorphosed to:
- (A) Shale
- (B) Slate
- (C) Quartzite
- (D) Marble

Ans. (C)

- 153. Breaking down of rock in situ is known as:
- (A) Erosion
- (B) Weathering
- (C) Mass wasting
- (D) Degradation

Ans. (B)

154. Which one of the following is a

Sedimentary Rock?

(A) Granite	
(B) Charnockite	160. Bridgmanite is-
(C) Basalt	(A) A bridge on the river Thames
(D) Arkose	(B) Name of a game
Ans. (D)	(C) Earth's most abundant mineral
	(D) Name of a music
155. Which of the following is an organic rock?	Ans. (C)
(A) Marble	- (-)
(B) Coal	161. Which of the following is indicated by the
(C) Granite	colour of a star?
(D) Slate	(A) Weight
Ans. (B)	(B) Distance
	(C) Temperature
156. The most abundant element in the Earth's	(D) Size
atmosphere is	Ans. (C)
(A) Argon	(0)
(B) Nitrogen	162. When does solar eclipse take place?
(C) Oxygen	(A) When the Sun is between the Moon and
(D) Krypton	Earth
Ans. (B)	(B) When the Earth is between the Moon and
	Sun
157. On which date is India likely to experience	(C) When the Moon is between the Sun and
the shortest day?	Earth
(A) December 22	(D) When the Moon does not lie on the line
(B) March 21	joining
(C) June 22	the Sun and Earth
(D) September 23	Ans. (C)
Ans. (A)	, ,
	163. Evidence suggests that life on Earth has
158. Magnetic Meridian is a-	existed for about
(A) Line parallel to the equator of the Earth	(A) 3.5 million years
(B) Latitude	(B) 35 billion years
(C) Line joining the geographic north and	(C) 35 million years
geographic south of Earth	(D) 3.5 billion years
(D) Plane passing through the magnetic north	Ans. (A)
and magnetic south of Earth	
Ans. (D)	164. What is the study of Moon called?
	(A) Selenology
159. The core of the Earth is also known as-	(B) Cosmology
(A) Lithosphere	(C) Iridology
(B) Mesosphere	(D) Planetology
(C) Barysphere	Ans. (A)
(D) Centrosphere	
Ans. (C)	

165. "Sirius", the brightest star outside of the	
Solar System, is also called	171. Who Invented Universal Standard Time?
(A) Cat star	(A) Enrico Fermi
(B) Dog star	(B) Adolf Gaston Eugen Fick
(C) Fox star	(C) Sandford Fleming
(D) Lion star	(D) Benoit Fourneyron
Ans. (B)	Ans. (C)
166. 1-degree of latitude is equal to	172 is the time taken by the Earth to
(A) 11 Km	return to a given point in its orbit with
(B) 211 Km	reference to a fixed star.
(C) 111 Km	(A) Lunar year
(D) 311 Km	(B) Sidereal year
Ans. (C)	(C) Solar year
	(D) Tropical year
167. Marble is a metamorphic rock of	Ans. (B)
(A) Sandstone	
(B) Limestone	173. Who was the first to measure the circumf
(C) Granite	erence of the Earth?
(D) Clay	(A) Erechtheus
Ans. (B)	(B) Aegeus
	(C) Eratosthenes
168. World's longest land border is between	(D) Apheidas
which two contries?	Ans. (C)
(A) Australia and New Zealand	
(B) India and China	174 is a natural electrical phenomenon
(C) Switzerland and Italy	characterized by the appearance of streams of
(D) Canada and USA	reddish or greenish light in the sky, especially
Ans. (D)	near the northern or southern magnetic pole.
	(A) Acaulis
169. Who proposed Continental drift theory?	(B) Alatus
(A) Alfred Wegener	(C) Albopictus
(B) Alfred Worwick	(D) Aurora
(C) Alfred Hanks	Ans. (D)
(D) Alfred Mane	
Ans. (A)	175. Triton is the Moon of which planet?
	(A) Neptune
170. What is the approximate circumference of	(B) Uranus
Earth?	(C) Saturn
(A) 40,000 Km	(D) Venus
(B) 60,000 Km	Ans. (A)
(C) 80,000 Km	
(D) 1,00,000 Km	176 . The main mineral constituents of the
Ans. (A)	continental mass water and alumina.

(A) Iron Oxide	(B) Igneous
(B) Silica	(C) Metamorphic
(C) Water	(D) None of these
(C) Oxygen	Ans.(C)
Ans. (B)	7 (113.(C)
Alis. (b)	192 Which planet is considered as the Dwarf
177 is an avamenta of introduce	182. Which planet is considered as the Dwarf
177 is an example of intrusive	planet?
igneous rock.	(A) Earth]
(A) Conglomerate	(B) Jupiter
(B) Shale	(C) Pluto
(C) Sandstone	(D) Saturn
(D) Granite	Ans.(C)
Ans. (D)	
	183. Sandstone is which type of rock?
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igneous rock having crystallinetexture and is	(C) Metamorphic Rock
mainly composed of felds about	(D) Sedimentary Rock
km.	Ans. (D)
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(B) 6500	184. The boundary between Earth's Crust and
(C) 9500	Mantle is
(D) 3500	(A) Moho discontinuity
Ans.(D)	(B) Lehman discontinuity
(2)	(C) Conrad discontinuity
179. The final boundary between the Earth and	(D) Gutenberg discontinuity
the outer space is called	Ans. (A)
(A) magnetosphere]	All3. (A)
	185. Rotational axis of which of the following
(B) ionosphere	planet is highly tilted?
(C) mesopause	
(D) magnetopause	(A) Earth
Ans.(A)	(B) Uranus
	(C) Neptune
180. Gravitational force is maximum at which of	(D) Jupiter
the following place?	Ans. (B)
(A) At Equator \	
(B) At Tropic of Cancer	186. How much is the difference of time
(C) At Tropic of Capricorn	between any two consecutive longitudes?
(D) At Poles	(A) 10 minutes
Ans.(D)	(B) 14 minutes
	(C) 4 minutes
181. Marble comes under which category of	(D) 30 minutes
rocks?	Ans. (C)
(A) Sedimentary	

187. Which among the following imaginary line lies at 0° latitude? (A) Equator (B) Tropic of Cancer (C) Tropic of Capricorn (D) Prime Meridian Ans. (A)
188. What are the imaginary lines encircling the Earth horizontally called? (A) Latitudes (B) Longitudes (C) Isobars (D) Isotherms Ans. (A)
189. Which of the following pair is INCORRECT? (A) 0° longitude - Prime Meridian (B) 0° longitude - Equator (C) 0° latitude - Equator (D) 23.5° North - Tropic of Cancer Ans. (B)
190. What are the imaginary lines touching both the poles of Earth called? (A) Latitudes (B) Longitudes (C) Isobars (D) Isotherms Ans. (B) (D) Uranus Ans. (C)
197. For a time difference of two hours, the longitudinal distance will be equal to A) 15° (B) 30° (C) 45° (D) 60° Ans. (B)